

# Identification and reclassification of genetic variants in X-linked intellectual disability

Camille Engel

Upcoming Master 2 internship

CNRS UMR 7104 - Inserm U 1258

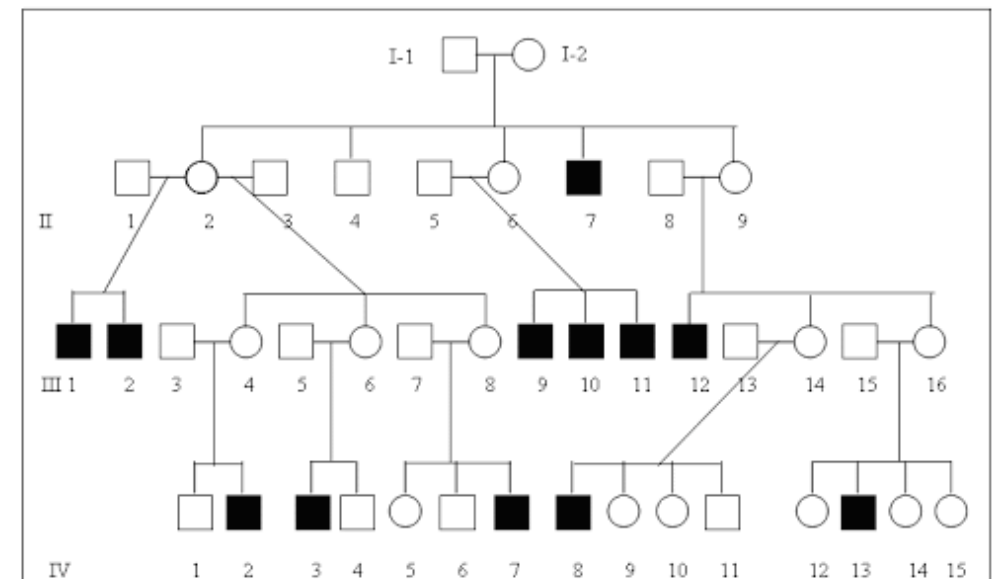
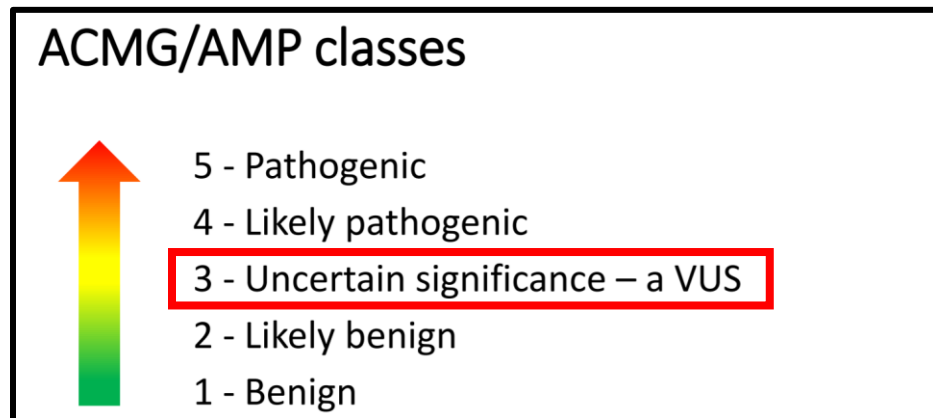
Génétique et physiopathologie des maladies  
neurodéveloppementales et épileptogènes

Dr Amélie Piton


# Intellectual disability

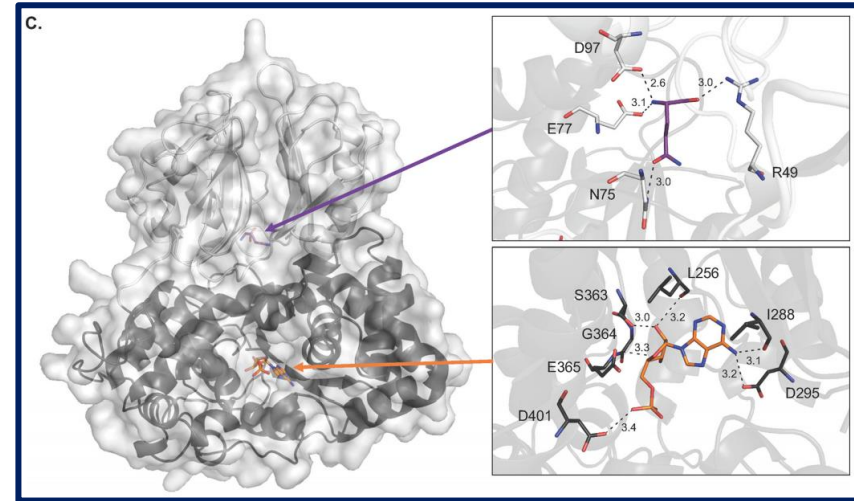


- Significant limitation in intellectual capacity and adaptive functioning
  - IQ < 70
- 2% of the population
- 50% : monogenic cause > 1000 genes (AR, AD, XL)
  - 122 genes X-linked +/- 50 candidates



# 1) Analysis of reported missense variants in X-linked ID

 CADD - Combined Annotation Dependent Depletion

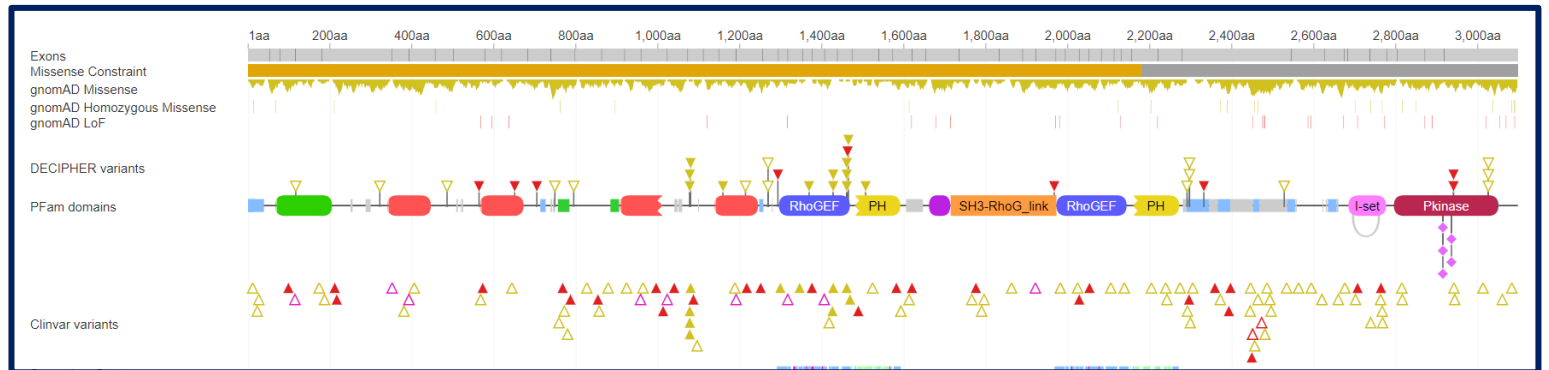


*Lomelino et al, 2017*

Missense variants  
(30 XLID genes  
with VUS +++)

Gaps	A	T	T	R	D	A	R	L	V	D	F	L	Y
Human	A	T	T	R	D	A	R	L	V	D	F	L	Y
Chimp	A	T	T	R	D	A	R	L	V	D	F	L	Y
Orangutan	A	T	T	R	D	A	R	L	V	D	F	L	Y
Rhesus	A	T	T	R	D	A	R	L	V	D	F	L	Y
ab-eating_macaque	A	T	T	R	D	A	R	L	V	D	F	L	Y
Mouse	A	T	T	R	D	A	R	L	V	D	F	L	Y
Rat	A	T	T	R	D	A	R	L	V	D	F	L	Y
Cow	A	T	T	R	D	A	R	L	V	D	F	L	Y
Chicken	A	T	T	R	D	A	R	L	V	D	F	L	Y
X_tropicalis	A	T	T	R	D	A	R	L	V	D	F	L	Y
Zebrafish	A	T	T	R	D	A	R	L	V	D	F	L	Y

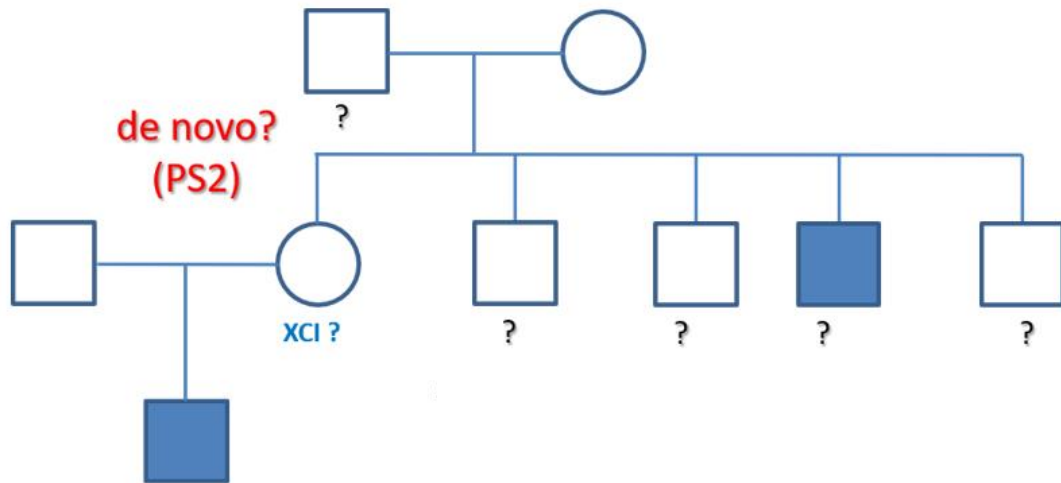
<https://genome.ucsc.edu/>



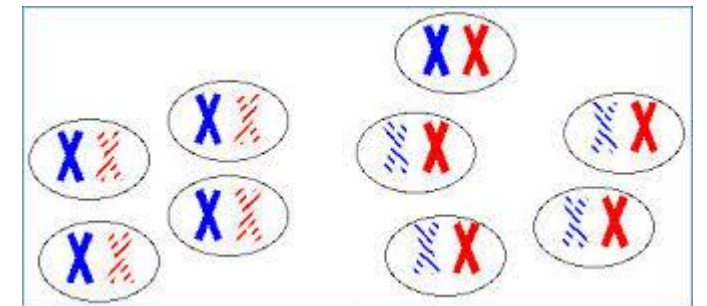
<https://decipher.sanger.ac.uk/gene/TRIO/overview/protein-info>

## 2) Genetic follow-up testing

### Segregation analysis



### Inactivation bias?



*Dr H.Karmous-Benailly*

### Recurrence?

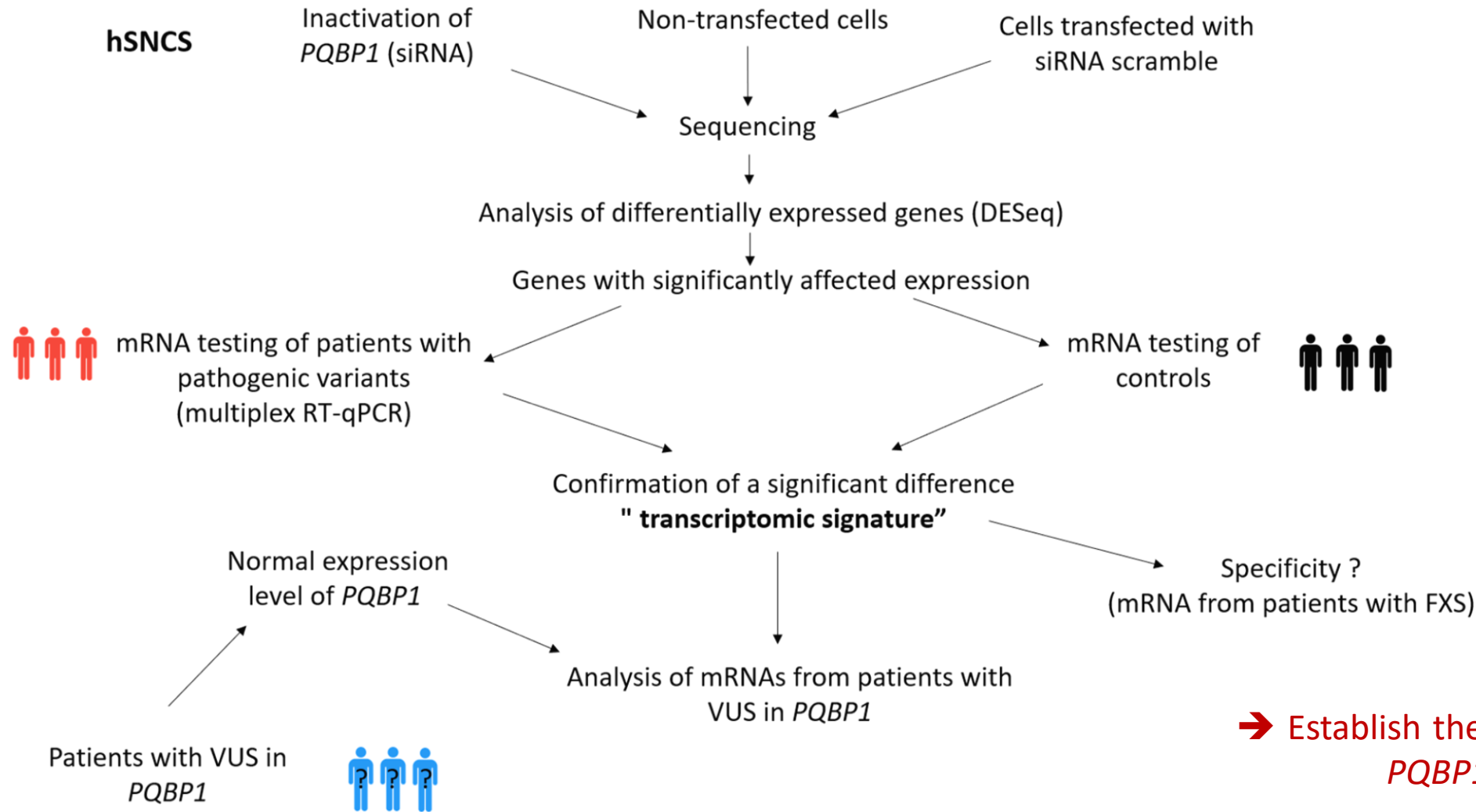
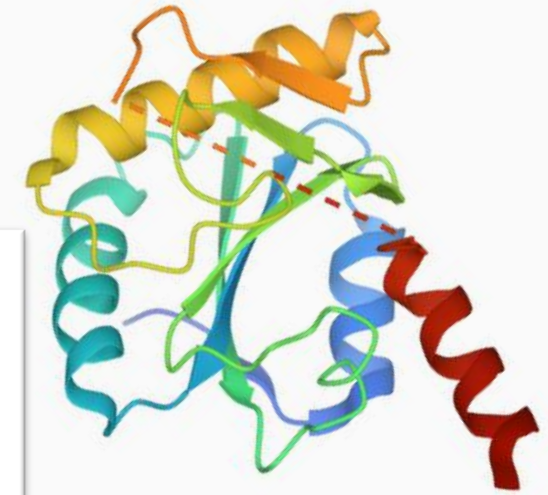
Genetic studies + in silico predictions

→ Solve individual cases (VUS)

→ Establish specific recommendations for each gene

# 3) Functional studies

## *PQBP1* : regulation of transcription and splicing



➔ Establish the transcriptomic signature of *PQBP1* (5 to 10 genes)

## 4) And for the patients with no pathogenic variation?

- Data reanalysis
  - identification of potential new genes
- Genome sequencing



Thank you for your attention

